

## Set Operations on Sorted Lists

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### Purpose:

To practise coding variants of the merge algorithm in a generic context.

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### Due Date:

This assignment is due **04 November 2022**.

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### Goal

Your goal is to implement algorithms to compute the union, symmetric difference, difference, and intersection of two sets represented as sorted `ArrayList<E>`s.

### Background

The `java.util.Collection<E>` related classes support sets through the interfaces `java.util.Set<E>` and `java.util.SortedSet<E>`, and provide a tree-based implementation of sets through `java.util.TreeSet<E>`.

Curiously, none of these classes have operations named `union`, `difference`, `intersection`, *et cetera*. In most cases, these operations exist, but under another name. For instance, (destructive) union is called `addAll`.

Implementing operations like `union`, `difference`, `intersection`, and `symmetricDifference` in  $O(n_1 + n_2)$  time, is actually easier with sorted lists than with trees. In each case, the algorithm is a variation on `merge` from merge sort.

### Coding Assignment

The actual coding assignment is to implement `union`, `difference`, `intersection`, and `symmetricDifference` with operation with static functions with signatures shown in Figure 1 on the following page. Each algorithm should explicitly loop through the elements like `merge`, and produce a newly allocated `ArrayList` as a result.

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```
public static <Elt> ArrayList<Elt> union
    (ArrayList<Elt> set1,
     ArrayList<Elt> set2,
     Comparator<Elt> c)

```

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```
public static <Elt> ArrayList<Elt> difference
    (ArrayList<Elt> set1,
     ArrayList<Elt> set2,
     Comparator<Elt> c)

```

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```
public static <Elt> ArrayList<Elt> intersection
    (ArrayList<Elt> set1,
     ArrayList<Elt> set2,
     Comparator<Elt> c)

```

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```
public static <Elt> ArrayList<Elt> symmetricDifference
    (ArrayList<Elt> set1,
     ArrayList<Elt> set2,
     Comparator<Elt> c)

```

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Figure 1: set operation signatures

## Testing

There are two files—6digits-A.txt, and 6digits-B.txt—on the learn.unbc.ca website. Each file contains a sorted list of 6 digit numbers.

Write a program that constructs an `ArrayList<Integer>` from each file, and then compute

- E1. the union of the two lists (contains 943 numbers)
- E2. the intersection of the two lists (contains 587 numbers)
- E3. the list of numbers in 6digits-A.txt, but not in 6digits-B.txt (contains 137 numbers)
- E4. the list of numbers in 6digits-A.txt, or in 6digits-B.txt but not both (contains 357 numbers)

Write the results to text files, one number per line, same format as the input files:

- F1. write the union to union.txt
- F2. write the intersection to intersection.txt
- F3. write the one-sided difference to difference.txt
- F4. write the symmetric difference to symDiff.txt

## Research

Search the Oracle JAVA documentation, and find the names of standard methods acting on Sets, that loosely correspond to union and difference. The standard JAVA operations are

non-static methods that destructively modify one of the sets.

Write down the names of the methods that you find, and give the URL where you found the documentation.

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## Checklist

Hand in:

- A .java file that implements the four methods shown in Figure 1 on the previous page;
- A .java main (test) file that tests the four methods as described in the **Testing** section.
- Four text files containing the answers (list of numbers) that you computed in E1–E4.
- A plain text file that contains your answer to the research question.